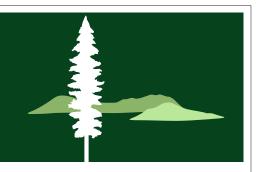


# Ecosystem Workforce Program

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## FEDERAL INVESTMENT IN NATURAL-RESOURCE BASED ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT IN OREGON

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atural resource-based economic development in public lands communities requires robust businesses, a supportive policy environment, and institutions to create local benefits from land management. The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) Forest Service fosters economic development through service work, timber sales, and other mechanisms. USDA Rural Development Business and Cooperative Service (RDBCS) assists rural businesses through loans, loan guarantees, and grants. Currently, there is not broad understanding of how their resources reach the ground. This study considers how these agencies invested in natural resource and economic development activities in Oregon from 2007-2011 (Table 1).

### **Approach**

We obtained data on Forest Service and RDBCS investments from USASpending.gov. We included Forest Service spending through service contracts and agreements on natural resource management activities.

#### Results

Service contracts were the majority of the Forest Service's spending (79 percent or \$302 million; Figure 1). Thirty-nine percent of Forest Service spending was through the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009. The majority of RDBCS spending (88 percent or \$205 million) was through loan guarantees (Figure 1). Less than one percent of RDBCS spending went to businesses that we could clearly identify as natural resource-based.

The Forest Service and RDBCS each invested about 60 percent of all spending in western Oregon. Both agencies spent most the most in nonmetropolitian counties. However, the Forest Service spent

the most in counties with two-thirds federal land whereas RDBCS spent the most in counties with less than one-third federal land. For both agencies, spending was concentrated among a small number of recipients (Figure 2).

#### Conclusion

This study suggests that the Forest Service and RDBCS primarily engaged businesses through their natural resource management and economic development mechanisms, and spending was concentrated among small numbers of recipients. Additional research may reveal more about the breadth and depth of federal investment in natural resource-based economic development.

#### More information

The complete study can be found in the EWP Working Paper #43, "Federal investment in natural resource-based economic development in Oregon," which is available at **ewp.uoregon/publications/working.** 









#### Table 1

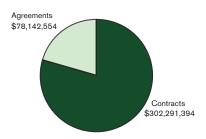
#### USDA Forest Service and Rural Development Business and Cooperative Service investments in Oregon, 2007-2011

Total invested, 2007-2011
Primary mechanism
Primary recipient type
Percent spent on western/eastern sides of state
Percent spent in metro/nonmetro counties
Percent of money spent in economically nonspecialized counties
Percent of money spent in counties with more than 2/3 public lands
Top recipients by county

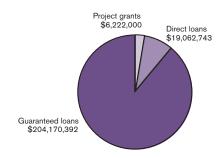
USDA Forest Service	USDA RDBCS
\$380 million	\$237 million
Contracts	Business and industry
	loan guarantees
Businesses	Businesses
60%/40%	61%/39%
45%/55%	45%/52%*
40%	65%
44%	21%
Marion, Jackson,	Umatilla, Polk,
Lane	Clackamas

\*Three percent of RDBCS spending was in an unspecified location

#### Figure 1

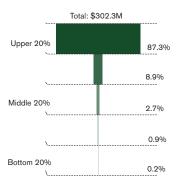


Forest Service investments in Oregon by award type, 2007-11

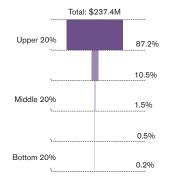


Rural Development Business and Cooperative Service investments by award type 2007-11

Figure 2



Distritubution of Forest Service contract spending in Oregon between recipients, 2007-11



Distritubtion of Rural Development Business and Cooperative Service spending in Oregon recipients, 2007-11

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